

Generic risk assessment for standard rules set number SR2008No6 v3.0

Standard Facility:	Waste Operation: HCl Waste Transfer Station and asbestos storage (no building)
Location:	Applies to all potential locations.
Location of environmentally sensitive sites (km / m):	Greater than 200m (see below)
Risk assessment carried out by:	Environment Agency
Date:	16-Mar-10

The scope of the permit and associated rules is defined by the following risk criteria:

- Parameter 1 Permitted activities - The storage and repackaging of waste (D15, R13, D14) and treatment consisting only of manual sorting or separation of non hazardous waste (D9, R3, R4, R5).
- Parameter 2 Permitted waste types - Non hazardous and hazardous (asbestos only) Household, Commercial and Industrial Waste
- Parameter 3 Quantity of waste accepted at the facility: less than 5,000 tonnes per annum, Including not more than 10 tonnes per day of asbestos.
- Parameter 4 The quantity of tyres stored at the facility shall not be more than 50 tonnes
- Parameter 5 The quantity of asbestos stored at the facility shall not be more than 10 tonnes
- Parameter 6 Asbestos waste shall be double bagged and stored within secure lockable containers
- Parameter 7 All waste shall be stored and treated on an impermeable surface with sealed drainage system, except for specified low-risk waste which may be stored and treated on hard standing.
- Parameter 8 The only point source discharges to controlled waters or groundwater, are surface water from the roofs of buildings and from areas of the facility not used for the storage or treatment of wastes.
- Parameter 9 The activities shall not be carried out within 200m of any residential property of workplace.
- Parameter 10 The activities shall not be carried out within 200m of a European Site (candidate or Special Area of Conservation, proposed or Special Protection Area or Ramsar site) or a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI).
- Parameter 11 The activities are not carried out predominantly using a limited number of the permitted waste types in a manner which significantly increases any of the risks compared to the generic operation of this type of facility, for example predominantly storing wastes which presents a significant increase in fire risk.

Abbreviations: SR - Standard Rule
 SR (no buildings) - There is no requirement to carry out the activity in a building or store waste in containers so there are two standard rules to manage the risk - the activities shall not be carried out within 200m of any residential property or workplace and the quantity of waste accepted at the facility shall be less than 5,000 tonnes per annum.
 SR (asbestos) - Asbestos is the only permitted hazardous waste and there are several standard rules to manage the risk: quantity received shall not exceed 10 tonnes per day; quantity stored shall not exceed 10 tonnes; there shall be no treatment; storage conditions shall be double bagged....within clearly identified, segregated, secure, lockable containers on an impermeable surface with a sealed drainage system.

Data and information				Judgement				Action (by permitting)	
Receptor	Source	Harm	Pathway	Probability of exposure	Consequence	Magnitude of risk	Justification for magnitude	Risk management	Residual risk

What is at risk? What do I wish to protect?	What is the agent or process with potential to cause harm?	What are the harmful consequences if things go wrong?	How might the receptor come into contact with the source?	How likely is this contact?	How severe will the consequences be if this occurs?	What is the overall magnitude of the risk?	On what did I base my judgement?	How can I best manage the risk to reduce the magnitude?	What is the magnitude of the risk after management? (This residual risk will be controlled by Compliance Assessment).
Local human population	Airborne asbestos fibres	Respiratory illness i.e. lung cancer and mesothelioma	Air transport then inhalation.	Low	High	Medium	Potential for exposure is low because of separate health and safety controls to protect employees	SR (asbestos)	Low
Local human population	Releases of particulate matter (dusts) and micro-organisms (bioaerosols).	Harm to human health - respiratory irritation and illness.	Air transport then inhalation.	Medium	Medium	Medium	Apart from asbestos, permitted waste types do not include dusts, powders or loose fibres so only a medium magnitude risk is estimated. There is potential for exposure if anyone is living or working close to the site (apart from the operator and employees).	SR - emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits.... SR - (if required) - emissions management plan. Effects reduced by SR (no buildings).	Low
Local human population	As above	Nuisance - dust on cars, clothing etc.	Air transport then deposition	Medium	Low	low	Local residents often sensitive to dust.	As above	Low
Local human population, livestock and wildlife.	Litter	Nuisance, loss of amenity and harm to animal health	Air transport then deposition	Medium	Medium	Medium	Local residents often sensitive to litter.	As above. Appropriate measures could include clearing litter arising from the activities from affected areas outside the site.	Low
Local human population	Waste, litter and mud on local roads	Nuisance, loss of amenity, road traffic accidents.	Vehicles entering and leaving site.	Medium	Medium	Medium	Road safety, local residents often sensitive to mud on roads.	As above. Appropriate measures could include clearing waste, litter and mud arising from the activities from affected areas outside the site.	Low
Local human population	Odour	Nuisance, loss of amenity	Air transport then inhalation.	Medium	Medium	Medium	Local residents often sensitive to odour.	SR - emissions shall be free from odour.... SR (if required) - odour management plan. Effects will be reduced by SR (no buildings).	Low

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Local human population	Noise and vibration	Nuisance, loss of amenity, loss of sleep.	Noise through the air and vibration through the ground.	Medium	Medium	Medium	Local residents often sensitive to noise and vibration	SR - emissions shall be free from noise and vibration..... SR (if required) - noise and vibration management plan. Effects will be reduced by SR (no buildings).	Low
Local human population	Scavenging animals and scavenging birds	Harm to human health - from waste carried off site and faeces. Nuisance and loss of amenity.	Air transport and over land	Medium	Medium	Medium	Permitted wastes may attract scavenging animals and birds. Wastes may become nesting / breeding sites.	SR - emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits (including those from scavenging animals, scavenging birds and other pests) shall not cause pollution....Effects will be reduced by SR (no buildings). Access to hazardous waste is restricted by SR (asbestos).	Low
Local human population	Pests (e.g. flies)	Harm to human health, nuisance, loss of amenity	Air transport and over land	Medium	Medium	Medium	Insect pests can multiply on permitted wastes, particularly in summer months	As above	Low
Local human population and local environment	Flooding of site	If waste is washed off site it may contaminate buildings / gardens / natural habitats downstream.	Flood waters	Low	Medium	Low	Non hazardous wastes are not stored in buildings or inside secure containers so they could be washed off-site, which will add to the volume of the post-flood clean up workload, rather than the hazard.	SR - management system (will include flood risk management). Effects will be reduced by SR (no buildings). Hazardous waste washed off site restricted by SR (asbestos).	Low
Local human population and / or livestock after gaining unauthorised access to the waste operation	All on-site hazards: wastes; machinery and vehicles.	Bodily injury	Direct physical contact	Medium	Medium	Medium	Apart from asbestos, permitted waste types are non-hazardous therefore only a medium magnitude risk is estimated.	SR - activities shall be managed and operated in accordance with a management system (will include site security measures to prevent unauthorised access). Access to hazardous waste restricted by SR (asbestos).	Low

Local human population and local environment.	Arson and / or vandalism causing the release of polluting materials to air (smoke or fumes), water or land.	Respiratory irritation, illness and nuisance to local population. Injury to staff, firefighters or arsonists/vandals. Pollution of water or land.	Air transport of smoke. Spillages and contaminated firewater by direct run-off from site and via surface water drains and ditches.	Medium	Medium	Medium	Permitted waste types do not include sludges or liquids and, apart from asbestos, are non-hazardous therefore only a medium magnitude risk is estimated.	As above. SR - management system (will include fire and spillages). Effects will be reduced by SR (no buildings). Spread of fire to hazardous waste restricted by SR (asbestos). SR - tyre storage no more than 50 tonnes.	Low
Local human population and local environment	Accidental fire causing the release of polluting materials to air (smoke or fumes), water or land.	Respiratory irritation, illness and nuisance to local population. Injury to staff or firefighters. Pollution of water or land.	As above.	Medium	Medium	Medium	Risk of accidental combustion of waste is moderate.	As above. Permitted activities do not include the burning of waste.	Low
All surface waters close to and downstream of site.	Spillage of liquids, leachate from waste, contaminated rainwater run-off from waste e.g. containing suspended solids.	Acute effects: oxygen depletion, fish kill and algal blooms	Direct run-off from site across ground surface, via surface water drains, ditches etc.	Medium	Medium	Medium	Permitted waste types do not include sludges or liquids so only a medium magnitude risk is estimated. There is potential for contaminated rainwater run-off from wastes stored outside buildings especially during heavy rain.	SR - All liquids shall be provided with secondary containment.... (applies to non- wastes such as fuels). Effects reduced by SR (no buildings). Run-off restricted by SR on emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits with appropriate measures: storage & treatment on an impermeable surface with sealed drainage; only specified low risk wastes can be stored & treated outside on hard standing.	Low
All surface waters close to and downstream of site.	As above	Chronic effects: deterioration of water quality	As above. Indirect run-off via the soil layer	Medium	Low	Low	Waste types are non-hazardous so harm is likely to be temporary and reversible.	As above	Low
Abstraction from watercourse downstream of facility (for agricultural or potable use).	As above	Acute effects, closure of abstraction intakes.	Direct run-off from site across ground surface, via surface water drains, ditches etc. then abstraction.	Medium	Medium	Medium	Watercourse must have medium / high flow for abstraction to be permitted, which will dilute contaminated run-off.	As above	Low

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Groundwater	As above	Chronic effects: contamination of groundwater, requiring treatment of water or closure of borehole.	Transport through soil/groundwater then extraction at borehole.	Medium	Medium	Medium	There is potential for contaminated rainwater run-off or leachate from permitted waste types.	As above	Low
Local human population	Contaminated waters used for recreational purposes	Harm to human health - skin damage or gastrointestinal illness.	Direct contact or ingestion	Low	Medium	Low	Unlikely to occur, but might restrict recreational use.	SR - emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits.... shall not cause pollution.... SR (if required) - emissions management plan.	Very low
Protected sites - European sites and SSSIs	Any	Harm to protected site through toxic contamination, nutrient enrichment, smothering, disturbance, predation etc.	Any	Low	Medium	Low	Waste operations may cause harm to and deterioration of nature conservation sites.	SR - activities shall not be carried out within 200m of a European Site or SSSI. (Distance criteria as agreed with Natural England/Countryside Council for Wales).	Low

Notes: Red triangle indicates comment containing supporting information
 Yellow columns contain drop down menus that allow automatic evaluation of risk in green column